

Yemeni students chose Turkey instead of Europe

Yemen's Cultural Attaché Tareq Motahar, stated that Yemeni students prefer Turkey to Europe for education. Emphasizing their cultural connectivity with Turkey, Motahar expressed that students are looking for education that values internationalization.

Tareq Motahar, the responsible body for the Yemeni students at Embassy of Yemen to Ankara, and delegation accompanying him came together with the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Istanbul Gelisim University Abdülkadir Gayretli and IGU Rector Prof. Dr. Burhan Aykaç. Bilateral relations established between Yemen government and IGU were discussed. Motahar also emphasized that education received at IGU is recognized in Yemen.

"RECOGNIZED IN YEMEN"

Expressing that Yemeni students are looking for education that values internationalization Yemen's Cultural Attaché Tareq Motahar said: "Yemeni students prefer Turkey to Europe for education. Both of the Culturel are very close to each other. Diplomas awarded in Istanbul Gelisim University are recognized by Yemen Government."

GAYRETLİ: READY FOR ALL NECESSERY STEPS

Stating that many Yemeni students are studying at the university and their number is increasing day by day, IGU Chairman of the Board of Trustees Abdülkadir Gayretli said: "Our international accreditations affect our students' preference for all kinds of academic and scientific projects. We are ready to produce projects that will add value to the people of the two countries. We will further strengthen our cultural ties with Yemen."

Our goal is to announce Cyprus in the international sports arena

Within the scope of the 46th anniversary of the Cyprus Peace Operation, the Turkish and Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus (TRNC) national swimmers swam from Mersin to Cyprus. The swimmers, including former state minister Kürşad Tüzmen and Asst. Prof. Dr. Kubilay Çimen from Istanbul Gelisim University, arrived in Cyprus at noon today.

Turkish and the TRNC national swimmers, on the 46th anniversary Cyprus Peace Operation began to swim from Turkey to Cyprus under the slogan "Taking flag to the Cyprus". In the event, which also draws attention to the exposure of Cyprus as an international nation, as 'two states one nation', the swimmer team of 6 people arrived in Cyprus today at noon. Swimmers, including Kürşat Tüzmen, one of the former state ministers, went ashore after swimming 90 kilometers. In addition to Tüzmen, in the event world master champion Ahmet Nakkaş, national swimmer Tarkan Tüzmen, the first athlete who made a double in the English Channel, Faruk İlgüy, the first TRNC sportsman Osman Akkuş and Istanbul Gelisim University Faculty Member Kubilay Çimen also took part. Mayor of the Anamur Hidayet Kılınc and many citizens supported the athletes leaving the Anamur pier. Accompanied by drums and flutes, the athletes were accompanied by a boat and 2 ships of the Coast Guard Command.

"OUR AIM IS TO ANNOUNCATE CYPRUS AT THE INTERNATIONAL LEVEL"

Pointing out that Cyprus is trying to be assimilated from political areas and it is not included in the sports arena, Çimen said: "Our aim was to bring the Turkish flag back to Cyprus and raise awareness completing 90 km course on the 46th anniversary of the Cyprus Peace Operation. Besides, Cyprus has been assimilated very much in the political and economic arena, especially in the sports arena at the international level. Therefore, we were here to state that we are not indifferent as Turkish athletes. We also wanted to show the world that we can realize such an organization by taking certain health conditions and precautions during the pandemic process."

"THE NIGHT STAGE WAS VERY DIFFICULT"

Stating that the night stage is more tiring and difficult during the 90-kilometer course, Çimen finished his words as follows: "Our night stage was very difficult, with the special request of our Minister of Interior Süleyman Soylu, the coast guard teams accompanied us with 2 boats throughout the organization. Today we arrived in Cyprus at noon and we delivered our flag to the General Directorate of Sports here."

Male violence is the society teaching, not the fate of women

Psychiatrist Onur Okan Demirci stated that violence against women is not a personal problem but a social problem and said that unless the source of the problem is addressed, it cannot be eliminated. Indicating that violence pertains to the society, not to men, Demirci said: "Male violence is the society teaching, not the fate of women."

“FEELINGS OF INEFFICIENCY WILL TURN TO ANGER, AND ANGER TO VIOLENCE”

Stating that the greater the responsibility imposed on the male role, the deeper the male's inadequacy will be, Demirci spoke: “Feelings of inadequacy will turn into anger and anger into violence. In such societies, when the man is born, he is treated as the most important being who will look after the family and continue the lineage. Mistakes made by men are considered as “men can do”. The task of satisfying the woman is given to him. Such a perception is created that he is raised with the belief that he has the power to have all the assets in the world. This belief is so dangerous that he cannot tolerate the possibility that someone else can have the entity he does not have and chooses to eliminate it.”

“MEN TRY TO REMOVE EVERY OBSTACLE WITH VIOLENCE”

Saying that the man coming to this condition will be determined not by an instant madness, anger, but by what he has experienced since his birth, Dr. Onur Okan Demirci from Istanbul Gelisim University said: “A man who tends to violence cannot go beyond an entity that tries to prove himself to the descendants, has feelings of inadequacy and problems of self-confidence, and cannot maintain the evolution of his primacy. The man, who has desire to possess, will try to remove every obstacle before him through violence, which is the only way he is taught and known.”

“EQUALITY MUST BE TEACHED”

Stating that this vicious circle can be changed by teaching children to be equal, Demirci said: “We can make this brutal and brutal cycle break by giving up the traces that our families left in us, their families left in them and transferred to our children, by avoiding putting meaningless and unnecessary responsibilities on gender roles, by quitting trying to overcome our own shortcomings through our children, by learning to accept our children as much as they are, by understanding that not men but conscience, compassion, and peace that will bring the lineage forward, by seeing that what matters is not an effort to prove ourselves to others, but to accept ourselves with our flaws, and by understanding that families need education before children.”

Economic aid fund will strengthen political integrity

Talking about the 750 billion Euro Coronavirus Repair Fund awaiting European Parliament's approval, Political Science and International Relations Specialist Elif Şahin said: “The economic aid fund can prevent the loss of altitude alleged to occur in the political integrity and stability of the union by strengthening the move between economic and political solidarity among member states.”

Political Science and International Relations Specialist Elif Şahin from Istanbul Gelisim University, stating that the European Union countries were taking action during the coronavirus crisis and were unable to cope with the pandemic, said: “With the 750 billion Euro economic support package consensus reached on July 20, the Coronavirus Recover Fund seems to be the first step towards alleviating concerns about the EU's political integrity.”

“COLLAPSE OF THE UNION?”

Stating that countries such as Italy, Spain and France, which are most affected by the crisis, are pleased with the compromise, Şahin said: “The aid fund can be read as a development that can put the scenarios of failure and the clash of the union. Because the European Union, which is seriously affected by the coronavirus pandemic crisis in the economic and social areas, follows the issues such as inadequate solidarity within the union, withdrawal and coping with the pandemic, and acting against the union, brought along analysis and controversy such as “Does the Union collapse? Did the EU fail? Did the north-south divide reappear within the EU?”. Although the rescue package agreement reached today is aimed at reducing economic impacts, it should also be seen as a consensus to prevent deepening social inequalities within the union, strengthen democratic decision-making processes and prevent the risk of damaging the unity of the union.”

“THERE ARE DIVERGENCES”

Stating that there are divergences in the EU despite the economic aid fund, Elif Şahin said: “It is too early to read the picture optimistically at the point reached. For example; expressings of the countries such as the Netherlands, Austria, Finland, Denmark and Sweden the concern that grants cannot be used correctly in the countries to be donated, and the countries that will benefit from the aid should implement the rule of law, remain weak sides of consensus.”